

Mapping Community needs in a



2024 Community Needs Assessment

ASOTIN-BENEWAH-BONNER-BOUNDARY-CLEARWATER IDAHO-KOOTENAI-LATAH-LEWIS-NEZ PERCE-SHOSHONE

www.cap4action.org

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Hello and thank you for wanting to learn more about the issue of poverty in our communities!

Every three years, Community Action Partnership (CAP) completes a Community Needs Assessment. This process allows us to learn about the needs facing individuals and families who are experiencing poverty in our communities. The voices of a wide variety of community members, coupled with demographics and data, provide the framework upon which CAP builds and focuses our work.

This process allows us to ensure that the federal investment of Community Services Block Grant dollars received by CAP is guided by local citizen input and targeted to the most pressing issues. It allows us to ensure that our planning and program implementation are aligned with identified needs.

Thank you again for digging into this issue alongside us here at CAP. I hope that we can find areas to work on together to build healthy communities filled with people who are thriving.

Sincerely,

Lisa Stoddard (she/her)
Executive Director
Community Action Partnership

Tetter from the Trail Guide Executive Director Thank you to the community members and community partners who took the time to fill out our surveys and attend focus groups for our 2024 Community Needs Assessment!

Your involvement made this effort possible, and your input will be key in shaping CAP's future plans and priorities.



Hope builds when many in the community are involved, and we have YOU to thank for making this Community Needs Assessment a success!

Thank you to

Companions



Community Action changes people's lives, embodies the spirit of hope, improves communities, and makes America a better place to live. We care about the entire community, and we are dedicated to helping people help themselves and each other.

taying on the trail

Mission: Community Action Partnership is a catalyst for building relationships that inspire and equip people to end poverty in our

community.

Vision: Community Action Partnership envisions our communities working together to end poverty. We envision a community where all people...

- are equipped to achieve their potential;
- have sufficient resources, relationships and meaning in their lives to thrive;
- are valued and able to meet their own needs by utilizing their talents, potential and passions.



experiencing poverty due to several interconnected factors.

E Packing the Gear

Every three years, Community Action Partnership conducts a thorough Community Needs Assessment using surveys and focus groups to understand the needs of people who are experiencing poverty in our service area. This is a requirement of the Community Services Block Grant (CSBG) and is also a key part of our Results Oriented Management and Accountability (ROMA) approach. The insights we gather from this assessment help us in assessing, planning, implementing, analyzing results, and refining our strategies.

This year, 401 community members from 11 counties shared their experiences and challenges through a detailed survey. Additionally, 141 community partners provided feedback on how these challenges affect their organizations and what steps they are taking to address them. The information we've collected has been incredibly valuable. Through this assessment process, we've identified key challenges that stand out as priorities for our under-resourced community members.

R.O.M.A.





Core Challenges



Income

53% of survey respondents reported they borrowed money from friends and family to make ends meet.

> **– 66** Income only 9 months out of 12 months because husband is a substitute teacher.



Housing

37% of respondents say they had to choose between paying rent or paying for other basic needs.

> - 66 Rent just raised... I may be homeless in a couple months.



Food Insecurity

26% of respondents report they went hungry because they were not able to get enough food.

> - 66 I get \$23 in food stamps and use credit cards to pay for groceries. Now my credit cards are maxed.



Transportation

32% of respondents say they have no form of consistently reliable transportation.





Childcare

40% of respondents with children had trouble getting or keeping a job due to child care issues.



Mental Health

38% of respondents believe mental health services and family counseling are important.



Payment is way out of budget despite real need.







Pathways Out of Poverty Seeking solutions together.







Building a network of community support

In collaboration with Community Action Agencies in Washington and Oregon, Community Action Partnership has developed a three-fold strategy through our Futures Project Theory of Change to address the core challenges facing our communities.

Together, we seek to...

- 1. Help under-resourced community members become basic needs secure through resource-rich projects and initiatives,
- 2. Utilize individual and family centered coaching to equip and support community members to exit poverty, and
- 3. Undergird our community members with a network of community support through strategic partnerships.



Marigating the Jandscape



"Households in poverty" refers to households with an income at or below 100% of the Federal Poverty Guideline. For 2024, income at 100% of the Federal Poverty Level is \$15,060 annual gross income (\$1,255 monthly) for a single person. For a family of four, income at 100% of the Federal Poverty Level is \$31,200 annual gross income (\$2,600 monthly).

CAP utilizes the Community Services Block Grant (CSBG) to serve individuals and families living at or below 200% of the Federal Poverty Line, the point at which households can typically meet all their needs on a regular and consistent basis. Because CAP chooses to define poverty as a lack of resources, "under-resourced community members" is the phrase used most often in this report to describe individuals living in poverty.

Service Area Map and Demographic Analysis of Low-Income

Service Area Total Population

| Service Area | Total Population | Total Land Area | Population De | nsity |
|-----------------------|------------------|------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|
| Asotin County, WA | 22,370 | 636.08 sq. miles | 35/sq. mile | Bndr. |
| Benewah County, ID | 9,731 | 776.93 sq. miles | 13/sq. mile | Bonner |
| Bonner County, ID | 47,976 | 1,733.22 sq. miles | 28/sq. mile | |
| Boundary County, ID | 12,335 | 1,268.68 sq. miles | 10/sq. mile | Sheshon. |
| Clearwater County, ID | 8,810 | 2,457.31 sq. miles | 4/sq. mile | Lath. Clearwater |
| Idaho County, ID | 16,787 | 8,477.50 sq. miles | 2/sq. mile | |
| Kootenai County, ID | 173,396 | 1,237.78 sq. miles | 140/sq. mile | Idaho & |
| Latah County, ID | 39,872 | 1,075.87 sq. miles | 37/sq. mile | Population, Density |
| Lewis County, ID | 3,630 | 478.82 sq. miles | 8/sq. mile | (Persons/Sq Mile) |
| Nez Perce County, ID | 42,200 | 848.32 sq. miles | 50/sq. mile | by County, ACS 2018-22 |
| Shoshone County, ID | 13,399 | 2,637.42 sq. miles | 5/sq. mile | Over 500 |
| Service Area Total | 390,506 | 21,62.93 sq. miles | 18/sq. mile | 101 - 500 51 - 100 |
| Idaho State | 1,854,109 | 82,645.14 sq. miles | 22/sq. mile | 11 - 50 |
| Washington State | 7,688,549 | 66,455.47 sq. miles | 116/sq. mile | Under 11 No Data or Data Suppressed |
| United States | 331,097,593 | 3,533,269.34 sq. miles | 94/sq. mile | Report Location |



Population by Race

| Service area | White | Black | Asian | American Indian/ Alaska Native | Native Hawaiian/ Pacific Islander | Other | Mixed Race |
|----------------------|-------------|------------|------------|--------------------------------------|---|------------|---------------|
| Asotin County, WA | 20,236 | 167 | 261 | 271 | 0 | 269 | 1,166 |
| Benewah County, ID | 8,250 | 79 | 4 | 879 | 33 | 33 | 453 |
| Bonner County, ID | 44,054 | 141 | 287 | 276 | 60 | 567 | 2,591 |
| Boundary County, ID | 11,160 | 46 | 182 | 255 | 7 | 302 | 383 |
| Clearwater County,ID | 8,002 | 19 | 76 | 108 | 2 | 100 | 503 |
| Idaho County, ID | 15,496 | 15 | 87 | 524 | 0 | 117 | 548 |
| Kootenai County, ID | 155,469 | 507 | 1,256 | 1,604 | 185 | 2,392 | 11,983 |
| Latah County, ID | 35,749 | 486 | 809 | 280 | 90 | 320 | 2,138 |
| Lewis County, ID | 2,986 | 67 | 35 | 100 | 0 | 121 | 321 |
| Nez Perce County, ID | 37,453 | 44 | 374 | 2,103 | 27 | 290 | 1,909 |
| Shoshone County, ID | 12,218 | 115 | 4 | 242 | 43 | 43 | 734 |
| Service Area Total | 351,073 | 1,686 | 3,375 | 6,642 | 447 | 4,554 | 22,729 |
| Idaho State | 1,574,859 | 12,781 | 24,987 | 22,297 | 2,721 | 88,887 | 132,577 |
| Washington State | 5,374,874 | 301,477 | 708,647 | 91,698 | 53,003 | 399,571 | 759,279 |
| United States | 218,123,424 | 41,288,572 | 19,112,979 | 2,786,431 | 624,863 | 20,018,544 | 29,142,780 |

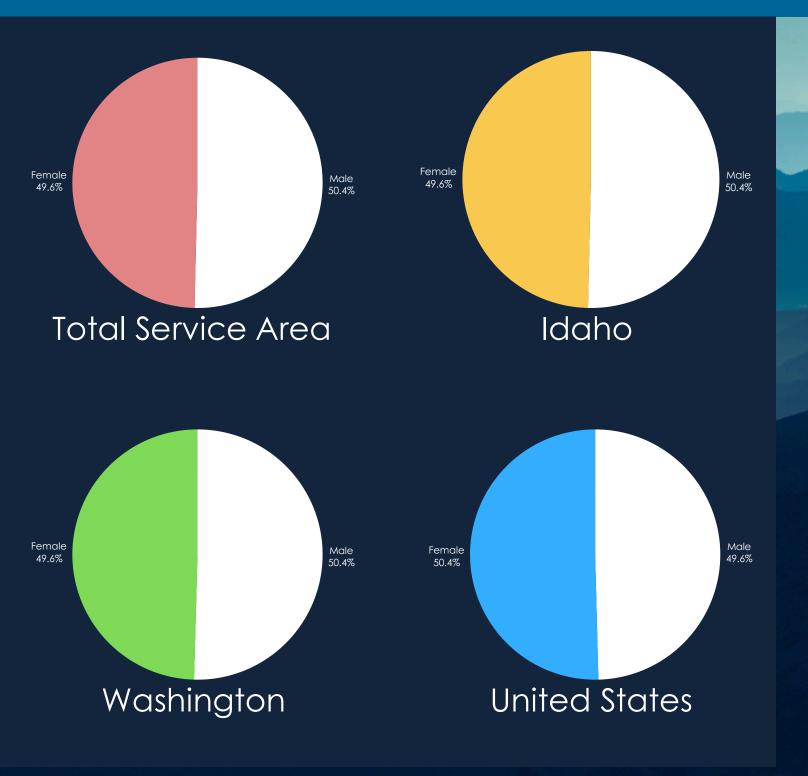


Population in Poverty by Race

| Service Area | White | Black | Asian | American Indian/ Alaska Native | Native Hawaiian/ Pacific Islander | Other | Mixed Race |
|----------------------|----------|---------|---------|--------------------------------------|---|---------|---------------|
| Asotin County, WA | 2702 | 18 | 0 | 243 | 0 | 113 | 369 |
| Benewah County, ID | 1081 | О | 0 | 197 | 5 | 6 | 83 |
| Bonner County, ID | 5283 | 0 | 28 | 39 | 0 | 85 | 186 |
| Boundary County, ID | 2010 | 0 | 70 | 102 | 7 | 34 | 24 |
| Clearwater County,ID | 769 | 0 | 0 | 22 | 0 | 32 | 77 |
| Idaho County, ID | 1515 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 108 | 56 |
| Kootenai County, ID | 13188 | 46 | 137 | 441 | 2 | 98 | 1945 |
| Latah County, ID | 3913 | 61 | 93 | 58 | 2 | 119 | 505 |
| Lewis County, ID | 432 | 59 | 1 | 37 | 0 | 64 | 44 |
| Nez Perce County, ID | 4786 | 0 | 61 | 440 | 20 | 48 | 394 |
| Shoshone County, ID | 1832 | 28 | 0 | 28 | 43 | 3 | 164 |
| Service Area Total | 37511 | 357 | 390 | 1608 | 79 | 710 | 3847 |
| Idaho State | 156845 | 2263 | 2799 | 4948 | 635 | 14038 | 17260 |
| Washington State | 455418 | 49537 | 59912 | 16972 | 7871 | 68136 | 89692 |
| United States | 21525577 | 8519391 | 1897150 | 608,547 | 103050 | 3652060 | 4215809 |

Population by Gender

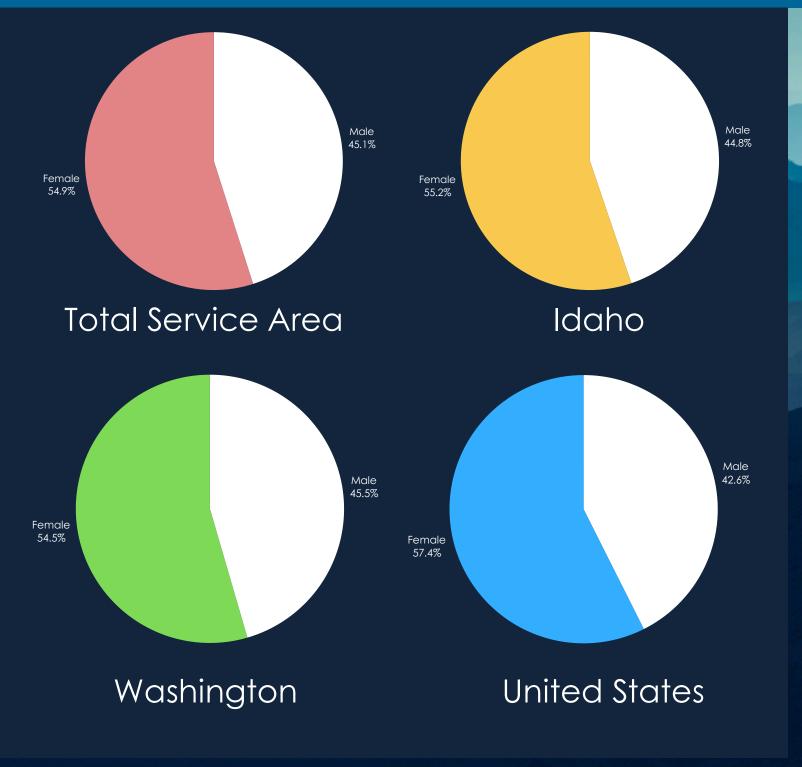
| Service Area | Male | Female |
|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Asotin County, WA | 11,031 | 11,339 |
| Benewah County, ID | 4,996 | 4,735 |
| Bonner County, ID | 24,159 | 23,817 |
| Boundary County, ID | 6,230 | 6,105 |
| Clearwater County, ID | 4,912 | 3,989 |
| Idaho County, ID | 8,835 | 7,952 |
| Kootenai County, ID | 86,516 | 86,880 |
| Latah County, ID | 20,524 | 19,348 |
| Lewis County, ID | 1,825 | 1,805 |
| Nez Perce County, ID | 21,000 | 21,200 |
| Shoshone County, ID | 6,666 | 6,733 |
| Service Area Total | 196,694 | 193,812 |
| Idaho State | 933,728 | 920,381 |
| Washington State | 3,877,918 | 3,810,631 |
| United States | 164,200,298 | 166,897,295 |





Population in Poverty by Gender

| Service Area | Male | Female |
|-----------------------|----------|----------|
| Asotin County, WA | 1535 | 2029 |
| Benewah County, ID | 634 | 756 |
| Bonner County, ID | 2624 | 2997 |
| Boundary County, ID | 995 | 1252 |
| Clearwater County, ID | 420 | 480 |
| Idaho County, ID | 825 | 863 |
| Kootenai County, ID | 6902 | 8955 |
| Latah County, ID | 2305 | 2446 |
| Lewis County, ID | 301 | 336 |
| Nez Perce County, ID | 2607 | 3142 |
| Shoshone County, ID | 913 | 1185 |
| Service Area Total | 20061 | 24441 |
| Idaho State | 89045 | 109743 |
| Washington State | 340084 | 407454 |
| United States | 18109332 | 24412252 |





| Service Area | Age 0-4 | Age 5-17 | Age 18-24 | Age 25-34 | Age 35-44 | Age 45-54 | Age 55-64 | Age 65+ |
|----------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Asotin County, WA | 1,238 | 3,2748 | 1,693 | 2,279 | 2,589 | 2,627 | 3,337 | 5,333 |
| Benewah County, ID | 530 | 1,636 | 673 | 928 | 1,001 | 1,133 | 1,590 | 2,240 |
| Bonner County, ID | 2,210 | 7,149 | 2,648 | 4,631 | 5,423 | 5,670 | 7,928 | 12,317 |
| Boundary County, ID | 808 | 2,047 | 919 | 1,220 | 1,292 | 1,404 | 1,739 | 2,906 |
| Clearwater County,ID | 317 | 976 | 435 | 876 | 1,012 | 1,167 | 1,525 | 2,502 |
| Idaho County, ID | 841 | 2,413 | 1,063 | 1,643 | 1,677 | 1,697 | 2,710 | 4,743 |
| Kootenai County, ID | 9,738 | 29,243 | 13,089 | 21,768 | 22,337 | 20,191 | 23,328 | 33,702 |
| Latah County, ID | 1,947 | 5,410 | 9,273 | 5,627 | 4,219 | 3,629 | 4,040 | 5,727 |
| Lewis County, ID | 188 | 619 | 204 | 313 | 369 | 349 | 575 | 1,013 |
| Nez Perce County, ID | 2,298 | 6,714 | 3,703 | 5,288 | 4,974 | 4,940 | 5,715 | 8,568 |
| Shoshone County, ID | 837 | 1,922 | 934 | 1,451 | 1,434 | 1,590 | 2,149 | 3,082 |
| Service Area Total | 20,952 | 61,403 | 34,634 | 46,024 | 46,327 | 44,397 | 54,636 | 82,133 |
| Idaho State | 112,576 | 342,203 | 187,034 | 239,996 | 238,680 | 209,167 | 221,910 | 302,543 |
| Washington State | 440,172 | 1,222,825 | 678,238 | 1,163,756 | 1,065,067 | 934,238 | 955,313 | 1,228,940 |
| United States | 19,004,925 | 54,208,780 | 31,282,896 | 45,388,153 | 42,810,359 | 41,087,357 | 42,577,475 | 54,737,648 |



Population in Poverty by Age

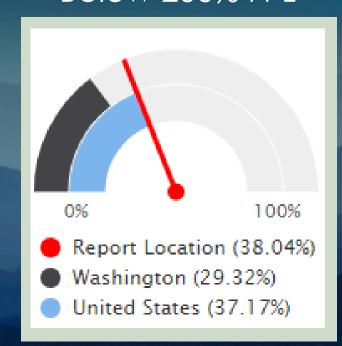
| Service Area | Under 18 years | 18 to 64 years | 65 years and over |
|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Asotin County, WA | 22.6% | 16.6% | 9.2% |
| Benewah County, ID | 17.8% | 15.9% | 8.0% |
| Bonner County, ID | 15.4% | 12% | 8.8% |
| Boundary County, ID | 25.3% | 17.8% | 13.2% |
| Clearwater County, ID | 14.1% | 11.1% | 10.0% |
| Idaho County, ID | 8.8% | 10.2% | 11.9% |
| Kootenai County, ID | 14.1% | 8.5% | 6.5% |
| Latah County, ID | 11.2% | 16.8% | 6.6% |
| Lewis County, ID | 25.4% | 16.3% | 14.1% |
| Nez Perce County, ID | 17.8% | 14.6% | 8.9% |
| Shoshone County, ID | 18.9% | 17.3% | 10.1% |
| | | | |
| Idaho State | 11.5% | 9.7% | 9.5% |
| Washington State | 12.2% | 9.9% | 9.6% |
| United States | 16.0% | 11.5% | 11.3% |

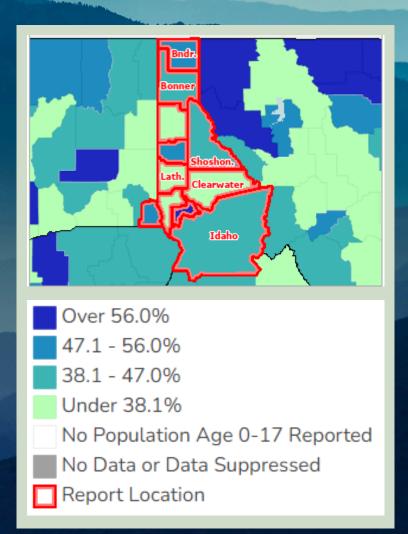


Children below 200% FPL

| Service Area | Total Population Under Age 18 | Pop. Under Age 18 Below 200% FPL |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Asotin County, WA | 4,480 | 2,257 |
| Benewah County, ID | 2,120 | 1,070 |
| Bonner County, ID | 9,187 | 3,798 |
| Boundary County, ID | 2,830 | 1,385 |
| Clearwater County, ID | 1,282 | 461 |
| Idaho County, ID | 3,245 | 1,443 |
| Kootenai County, ID | 38,243 | 13,161 |
| Latah County, ID | 7,072 | 2,445 |
| Lewis County, ID | 804 | 478 |
| Nez Perce County, ID | 8,715 | 2,987 |
| Shoshone County, ID | 2,684 | 1,204 |
| Service Area Total | 80,662 | 30,686 |
| Idaho State | 448,286 | 172,257 |
| Washington State | 1,634,035 | 479,069 |
| United States | 72,035,358 | 26,772,207 |

Percentage of population Under 18 Below 200% FPL





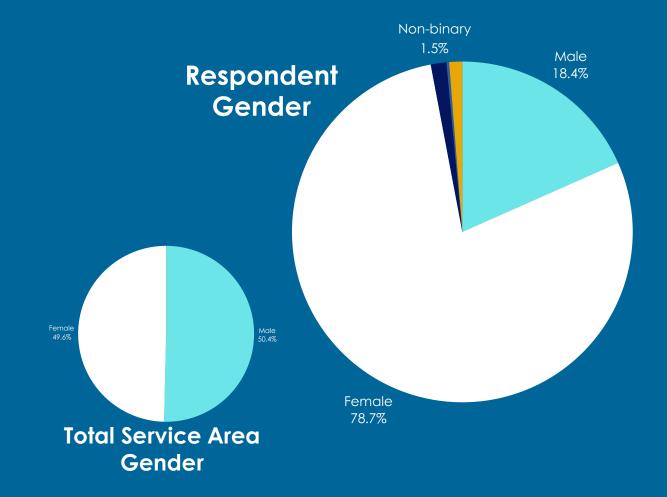
Percent by County

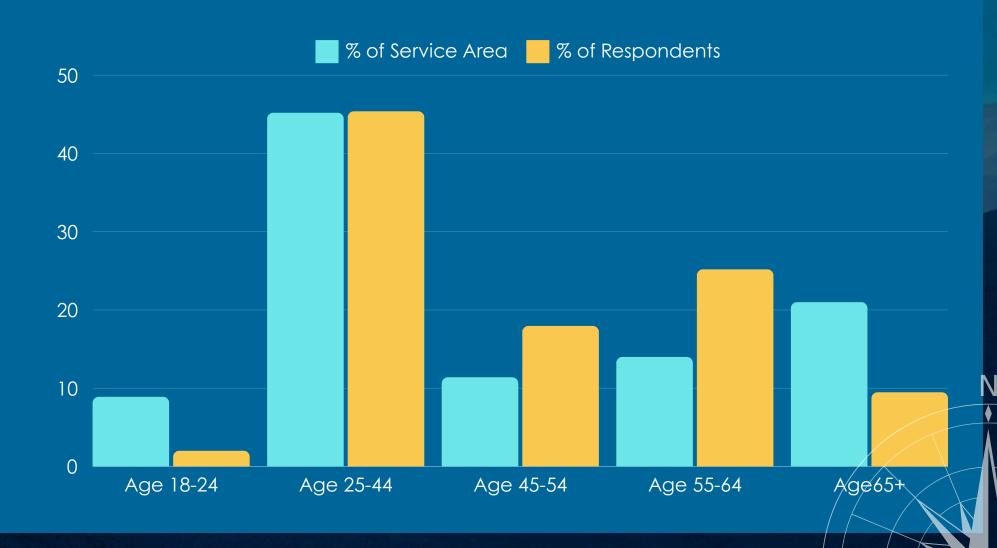


Respondent Comparison

Whether speaking for themselves or representing their families, most of our surveys were completed by Caucasian women between the ages of 24 and 44. Our second largest age group was from 55 to 69.

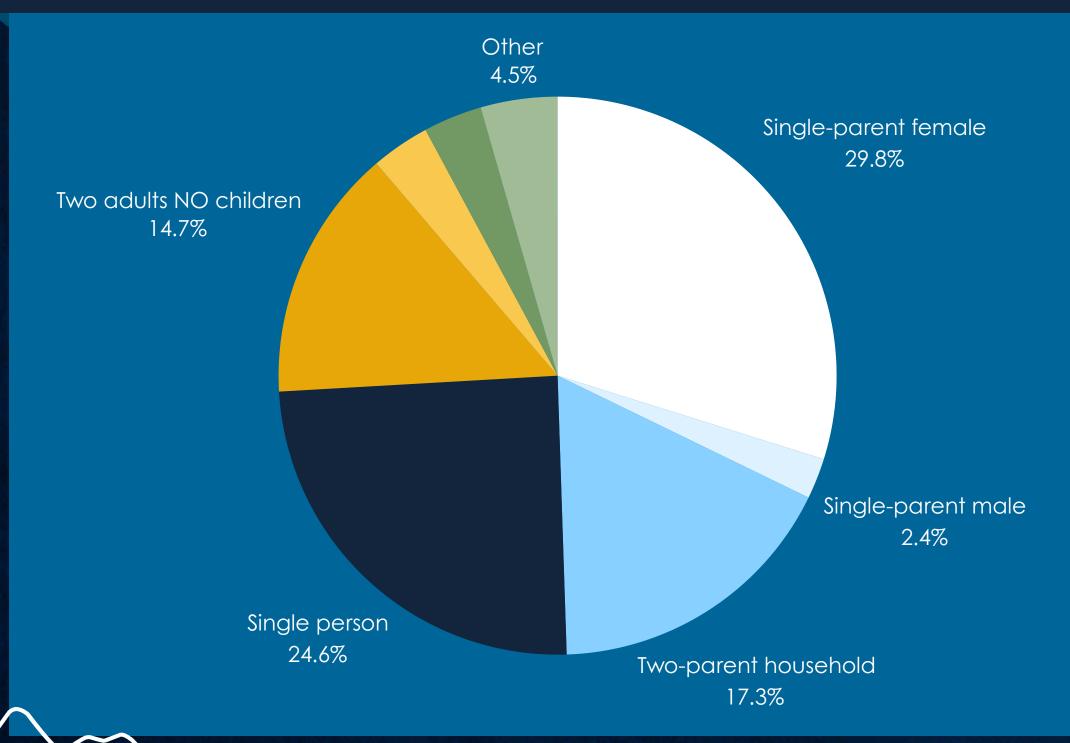
- Native American, African American, Hispanic, Arab, and Asian people were also represented
- Some respondents selected multiple races.







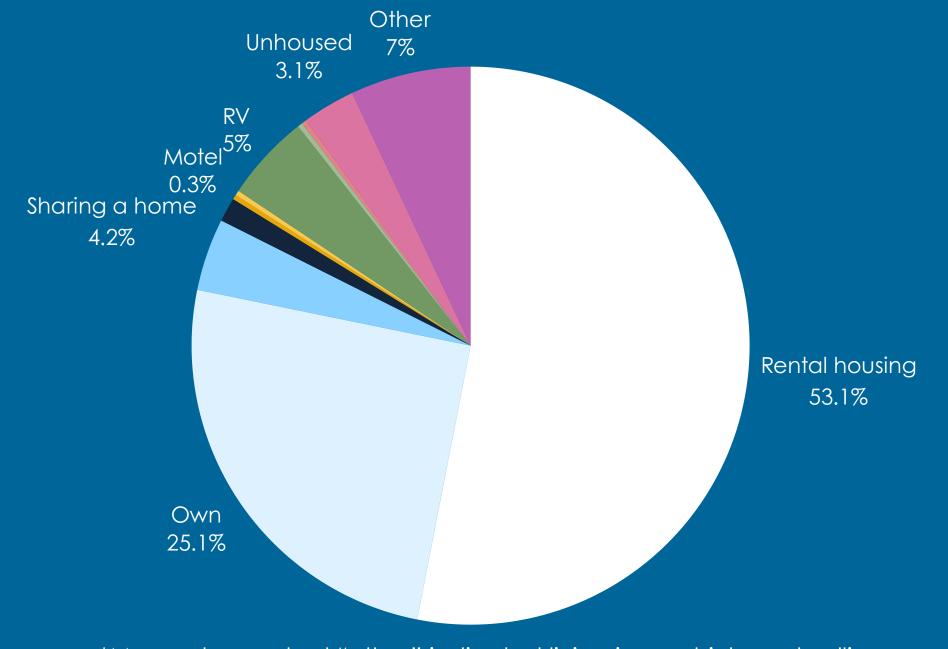
Respondent Household Type



| Single-parent female | 29.84% |
|--|--------|
| Single person | 24.61% |
| Two-parent household | 17.28% |
| Two adults NO children | 14.66% |
| • Other | 4.45% |
| Non-related, multi- | 3.40% |
| family household | |
| Grandparent(s)/multi- | 3.40% |
| generational | |
| Single-parent male | 2.36% |



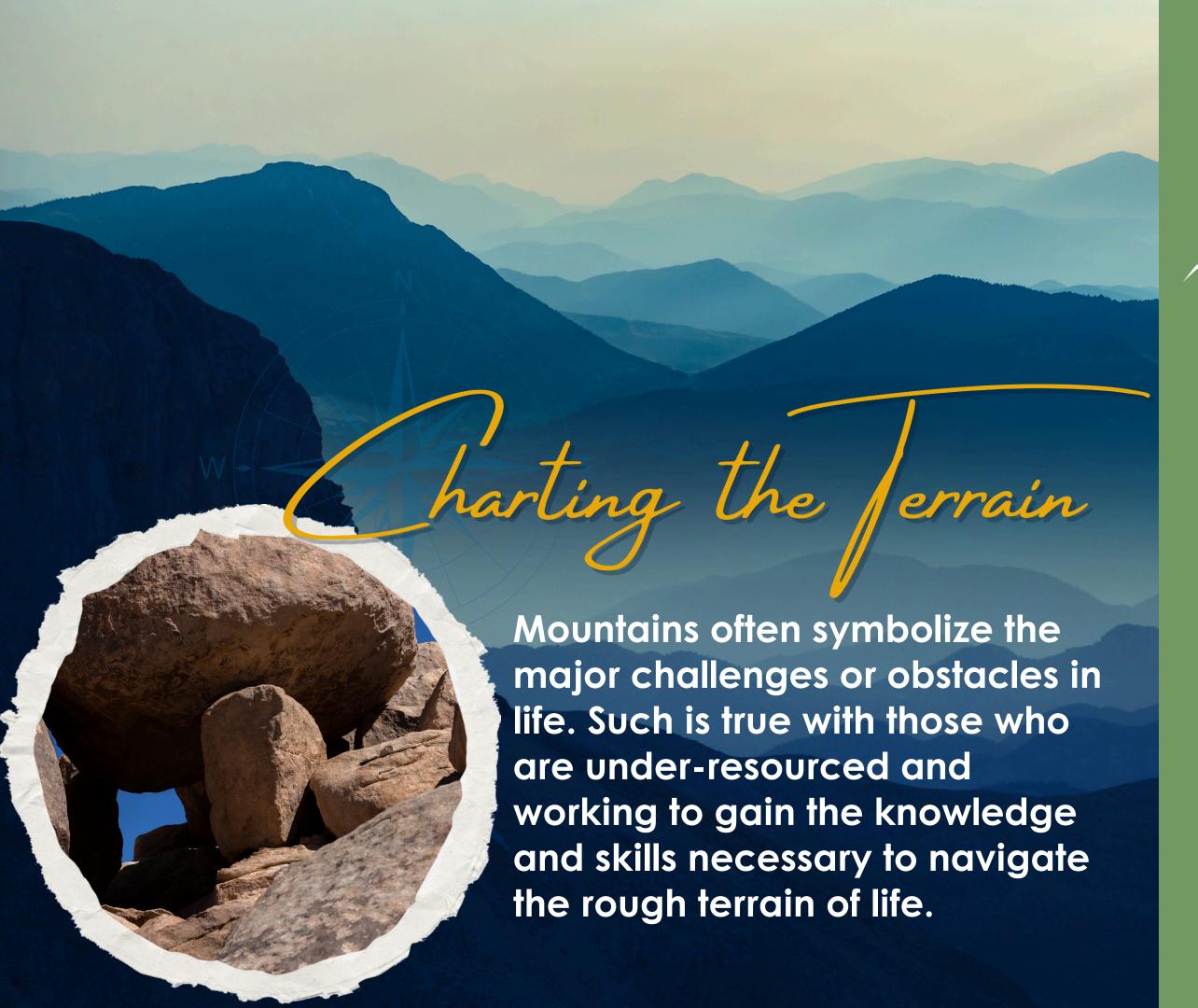
Respondent Current Housing



*Many who marked "other" indicated living in a vehicle, a dwelling not designed for habitation, or temporarily staying with others.

| • Rental | 53.07% |
|-------------------------------|--------|
| • Own | 25.14% |
| • Other | 6.98% |
| • RV | 5.03% |
| Sharing a home | 4.19% |
| Unhoused | 3.07% |
| Transitional/Emergency | 1.40% |
| Caretaker | 0.28% |
| Employer-provided | 0.28% |
| Group home | 0.28% |
| • Motel | 0.28% |

W



Challenges

- Income
- Affordable Housing
- Food Insecurity
- Transportation
- Child Care
- Mental Health





Income directly affects a person's ability to meet basic needs like food, housing, transportation, and child care. Low income limits access to education, job opportunities, and financial security, making it harder to escape poverty. It also leads to increased debt, stress, and poor mental health, reinforcing the cycle of poverty.



Income - Poverty Creates Barriers

| | | Pop. w/ income | Percentage of Pop. w/income |
|----------------------|------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| Service Area | Total Population | Below 100% FPL | Below 100% FPL |
| Asotin County, WA | 22,154 | 3,564 | 16.09% |
| Benewah County, ID | 9,577 | 1,390 | 14.51% |
| Bonner County, ID | 47,422 | 5,621 | 11.85% |
| Boundary County, ID | 12,150 | 2,247 | 18.49% |
| Clearwater County,ID | 7,996 | 900 | 11.26% |
| Idaho County, ID | 16,243 | 1,688 | 10.39% |
| Kootenai County, ID | 170,986 | 15,857 | 9.27% |
| Latah County, ID | 34,048 | 4,751 | 13.95% |
| Lewis County, ID | 3,600 | 637 | 17.69% |
| Nez Perce County, ID | 40,657 | 5,749 | 14.14% |
| Shoshone County, ID | 13,116 | 2.098 | 16% |
| Service Area Total | 377,949 | 44,502 | 11.77% |
| Idaho State | 1,805,238 | 198,788 | 11.01% |
| Washington State | 7,553,642 | 747,538 | 9.90% |
| United States | 323,275,448 | 40,521,584 | 12.53% |

are living at or below 100% of the Federal individuals Poverty Level in our service area.

38.20%

of the survey respondents reported they rely on credit cards to make ends meet.

33.54%

of the survey respondents have had bills turned into collection.

of the survey respondents cant's save for unexpected expenses due to low income.

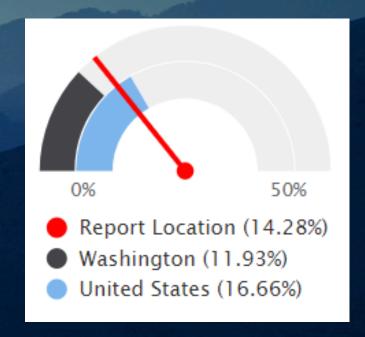


Children Experiencing Poverty

| | Total Population | Population Under Age 18 | Percentage of Pop. Under Age 18 |
|----------------------|------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Service Area | Under Age 18 | Below 100% FPL | Below 100% FPL |
| Asotin County, WA | 4,480 | 1,012 | 22.59% |
| Benewah County, ID | 2,120 | 377 | 17.78% |
| Bonner County, ID | 9,187 | 1,419 | 15.45% |
| Boundary County, ID | 2,830 | 716 | 25.30% |
| Clearwater County,ID | 1,282 | 181 | 14.12% |
| Idaho County, ID | 3,245 | 285 | 8.78% |
| Kootenai County, ID | 38,243 | 4,470 | 11.69% |
| Latah County, ID | 7,072 | 794 | 11.23% |
| Lewis County, ID | 804 | 204 | 25.37% |
| Nez Perce County, ID | 8,715 | 1,553 | 17.82% |
| Shoshone County, ID | 2,684 | 507 | 18.89% |
| Service Area Total | 80,662 | 11,518 | 14.28% |
| Idaho State | 448,286 | 57,535 | 12.83% |
| Washington State | 1,634,035 | 194,873 | 11.93% |
| United States | 72,035,358 | 12,002,351 | 16.66% |

14.28%

In the report area 14.28% or 11,518 children are living in households with income below 100% of the Federal Poverty Level (FPL).



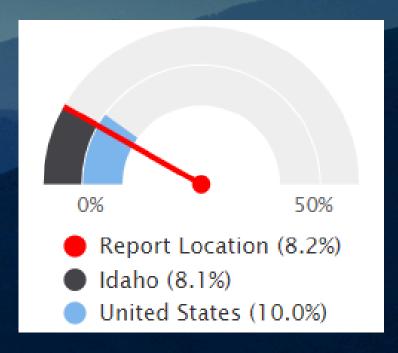


Elders Experiencing Poverty

| | Total Population | Total in Poverty | Poverty Rate |
|----------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|
| Service Area | Ages 65 and Up | Ages 65 and Up | Ages 65 and UP |
| Asotin County, WA | 5,217 | 479 | 9.2% |
| Benewah County, ID | 2,156 | 172 | 8.0% |
| Bonner County, ID | 12,126 | 4,067 | 8.8% |
| Boundary County, ID | 2,834 | 374 | 13.2% |
| Clearwater County,ID | 2,432 | 244 | 10.0% |
| Idaho County, ID | 4,667 | 554 | 11.9% |
| Kootenai County, ID | 32,752 | 2,132 | 6.5% |
| Latah County, ID | 5,558 | 365 | 6.6% |
| Lewis County, ID | 1,013 | 143 | 14.1% |
| Nez Perce County, ID | 8,051 | 713 | 8.9% |
| Shoshone County, ID | 2,911 | 293 | 10.1% |
| Service Area Total | 79,717 | 6,536 | 8.2% |
| Idaho State | 294,923 | 23,923 | 8.1% |
| Washington State | 1,205,987 | 97,420 | 8.1% |
| United States | 53,352,363 | 5,309,452 | 10.0% |

An average of **8.2%** 8.2% of people in the survey area lived in a state of poverty during the survey calendar year. This is less

average.



than the national

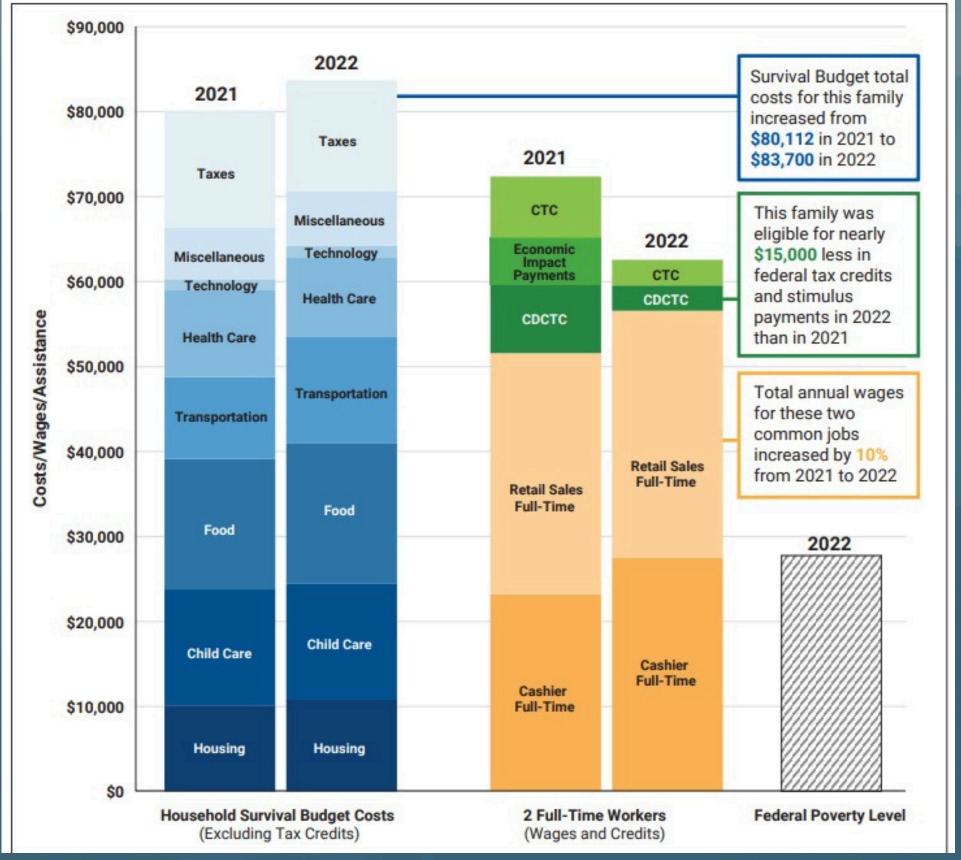
ALLE

Asset Limited Income Constrained, Employed

Between 2021 and 2022, the number of households in poverty in Idaho held steady (remaining at 11% of all households), yet the number of ALICE households increased by 8,608, continuing the accelerated growth in this population that begin with the pandemic. In 2022, of the 701,293 households in Idaho, 303,295 — 43% — were below the ALICE Threshold.



Comparison of Costs, Public Assistance, and Wages, Family of Four, Idaho, 2021 and 2022



Sources: ALICE Threshold, 2021 and 2022; Bureau of Labor Statistics-Occupational Employment Statistics, 2021 and 2022; Internal Revenue Service, tax credits-CTC, CDCTC, EITC, 2021 and 2022; US Department of the Treasury, 2022 and 2023.





High housing costs affect people experiencing poverty by consuming a substantial amount of their income, leaving little room for other essentials. This reduces savings and increases the risk of homelessness.

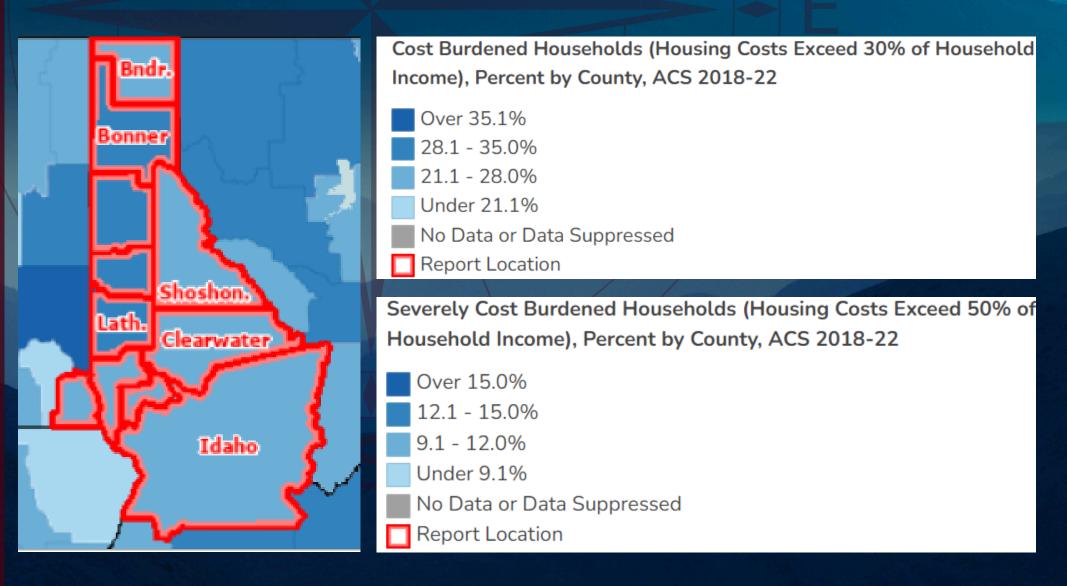


Action Partnership National Data Hub, there are 44,214 households in our service area that have housing costs that exceed 30% of their total household income, and 19,282 households that are spending at least 50% or more total household income on housing.

Combined, this means that 41.1% of households in our service area are costburdened.

of the survey respondents reported that they have fallen behind on paying their rent/mortgage in the last 12 months.

62.20% of the survey respondents hope to buy a home someday, but 41.9% say they cannot afford a down payment





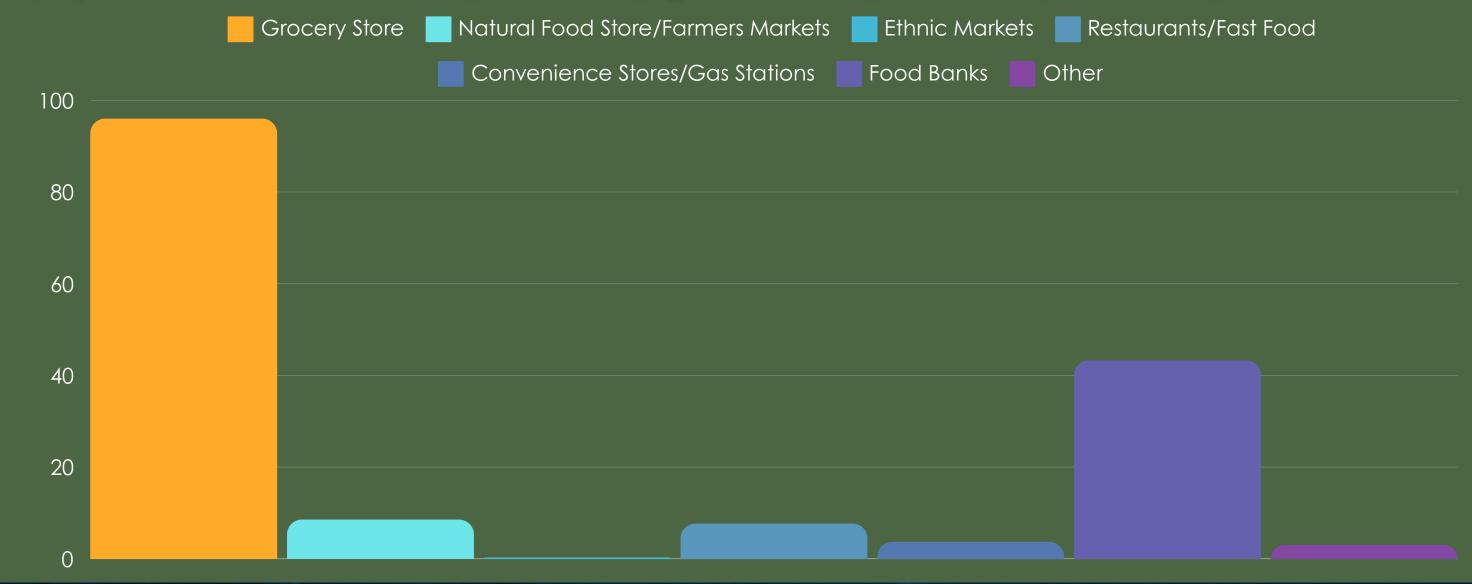


Food insecurity refers to a lack of consistent access to enough nutritious food for an active, healthy life.

It can range from worrying about running out of food, to eating less, or skipping meals due to financial constraints. Food insecurity affects physical and mental health and is often linked to poverty, unemployment, and rising living costs.

Food Insecurity

Survey question #24 Where do you usually get most of your family's food? (check all that apply)



Community Action Partnership offers food bank services in five counties. In areas where we do not have food banks, we collaborate closely with other food distribution points to help ensure our community members have enough food

for their families. 23% of survey respondents told us that accessing food is not easy and 83% of our respondents say they rely on some type of food assistance.



According to Map the Meal Gap, our service area ranges from a 11.3% - 16.5% food insecurity rate. The average food insecurity rate in Idaho is 11.4% and the average in Washington is 11.5%.

In 2022, Map the Meal Gap estimated that there were

48,490 people

in our service area who were

food insecure.





Transportation can be difficult for people living in poverty due to high cost of owning a car, limited and unreliable public transit options, and long commute times.

Rural areas often lack sufficient public transportation, making it harder to access jobs, schools, and essential services.

These challenges limit opportunities for employment and upward mobility.



Of our survey respondents:

- 14.11%, or 46 people, travel more than 20 minutes but less than one hour to get to work.
- 27.30%, or 89 people, travel less than 20 minutes to get to work.
- 1.53%, or 5 people, travel over an hour to get to work.
- 31.82%, or 35 people, reported that transportation has affected their ability to get or keep a good job.
- 43.13%, or 138 people, say they cannot afford gas.
- 44.69%, or 143 people, say they cannot afford car repairs.

<u>Public Transporation</u>:

- 20.94%, or 67 people, report that there is no public transportation to where they need to go.
- 15.94%, or 51 people, report that bus times and/or days are not compatible with their schedule.
- 11.56%, or 37 people, report that a mental or physical disability keep them from utilizing public transportation.





Child care costs affect our under-resourced community by creating additional financial strain. High childcare costs can consume a significant portion of a family's income, making it harder to cover other essentials. This can limit a parents' ability to work or pursue better job opportunities, trapping families in a cycle of poverty.



We heard from our community members as well as our community partners, that childcare continues to be a huge concern in our service area.

<u>These are some of the responses</u> <u>from our survey respondents</u>:

- 12.7% were not able to find affordable childcare.
- 7.36% report that they were not able to find evening childcare.
- 6.75% reported that weekend care was difficult to find.

Idaho, in common with the broader nation, faces a pressing child care crisis. Finding quality child care is a large task for most parents, enhanced by the prevalence of child care deserts in Idaho, where the availability of licensed providers is alarmingly limited. This doesn't just affect parents; it has a tremendous impact on the economy, affecting both working parents and the businesses they work for. More than half of Idaho families are facing these challenges, and they're all saying the same thing: Idaho needs better, more affordable and easier-to-find child care.

"The challenges we face with child care in Idaho are difficult and persistent, but not unsolvable."

42%

of parents have to either quit a job or are unable to accept a job due to a lack of accessible and affordable child care. 71%

of employers recognize that the lack of access to child care is a problem for their organization's sustainability and leads to employee turnover. 64%

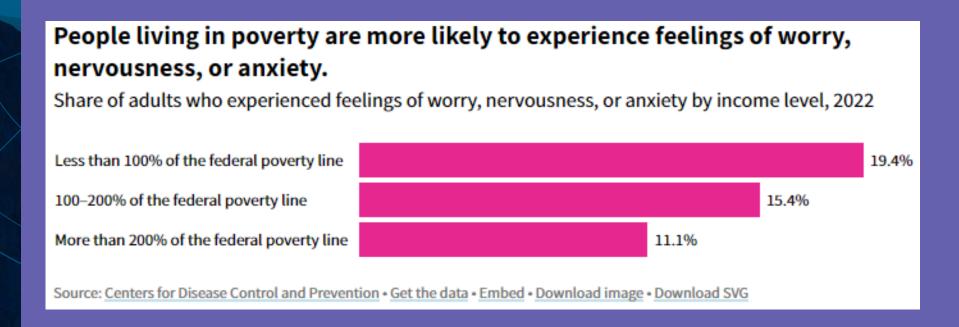
of employers say that the lack of child care in their communities has impacted workforce productivity.





Mental Health is an issue for people in poverty, due to chronic stress, financial instability, and limited access to affordable care, leading to higher rates of anxiety, depression, and unmet mental health needs.





In a Mental Health America report, states were ranked on their prevalence of mental illness in 2024.

- Idaho: 47
- Washington: 49

In February 2023

30.2% of adults in Idaho reported symptoms of anxiety or depression.

<u>In May 2022</u>

34.4% of adults in Washington reported symptoms of anxiety or depression.

12% of survey respondents do not know what resources are available to them.

11% of survey respondents do not believe they live in a safe neighborhood.

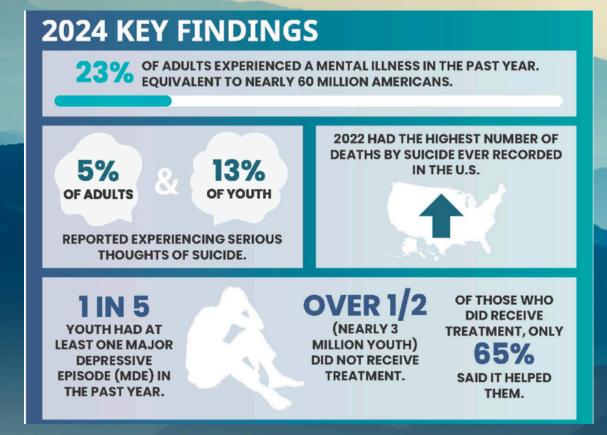
30% of Survey respondents said, in their household, there was an increase in the need for mental health or alcohol/drug treatment after the COVID-19 pandemic.

Mental Health

Adverse childhood experiences (ACEs) are potentially traumatic events that can happen to children before they turn 18, and can have long-term effects on their health and well-being.

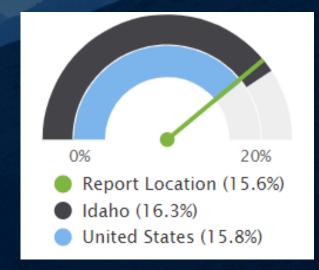
The Pair of ACEs **Adverse Childhood Experiences** Maternal Physical & Depression **Emotional Neglect Emotional &** Divorce Sexual Abuse Mental Illness Substance Incarceration Abuse Homelessness **Domestic Violence** Adverse Community Environments **Poverty** Violence Discrimination **Poor Housing** Quality & Community Lack of Opportunity, Economic Affordability Disruption **Mobility & Social Capital** © Ellis 2020

Source: The State of Mental Health in America www.mhanational.org



Nationally, 10% of adults with a mental illness said they did not have insurance because it's unaffordable.

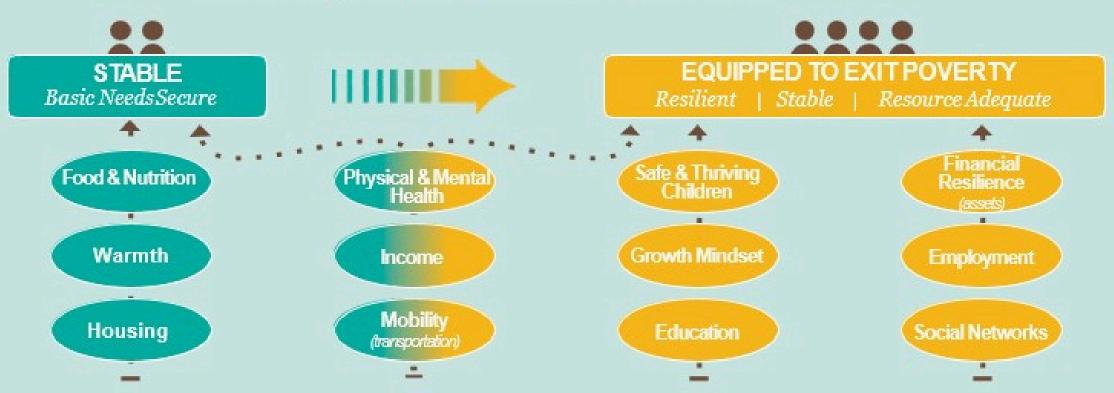
Percentage of adults 18+ in our service area who report poor mental health:





Increasing Stability and Creating Community Pathways Out of Poverty

Healthy Individuals & Families



FUTURES Advancing the clarity, impact, and performance of community action

A Community Action Model

Diverse, Equitable, Inclusive and Healthy Communities



CHANGED ATTITUDES

People understand their stake in creating diverse, equitable, inclusive and healthy communities





CHANGED PRACTICES

Engaged Community Members : Improved Services, Resources Education, Advocacy, Giving, : Targeting Existing Resources, Creating

Volunteerism: and Leveraging New Resource

Shared Vision Coalitions and : Local Systems are Equitable Partnerships , CAA Leaders and Catalysts

ASSESSMENT WITH STAKEHOLDERS, INCLUDING PEOPLE AFFECTED BY POVERTY, INEQUITY AND BIAS, TO PROVIDE A CONTEXT FOR OUTCOME MEASURES AND TO IDENTIFY WHETHER SHARED GOALS AND GENERATED RESOURCES CORRESPOND WITH THE ACTUAL NEED.



Creating stability with basic needs services

Helping under-resourced community members become basic needs secure through resource rich projects and initiatives.

AFCommunity Action Partnership, we meet many neighbors who are going through some very challenging times. When a crisis brings community members to us, our goal is to address their immediate needs with essentials like food, warmth, and housing.

We have food banks operating in Benewah, Boundary, Kootenai, Nez Perce, and Shoshone counties. We also collaborate closely with community partners to ensure food stability in our communities.



We offer energy assistance and weatherization programs to help people save on energy costs and stay warm and safe during the cold north Idaho winters.



We understand that being unhoused or on the verge of it can derail all other efforts towards stability. To help address this, CAP utilizes limited grant dollars and we partner closely with other organizations to secure and maintain shelter for those in need.

Our <u>Theory of Change</u> starts with addressing immediate needs, but it doesn't stop there. We aim to build lasting relationships with the people who live in our communities, helping them move beyond their current crisis to a place of thriving. We understand that the journey out of poverty isn't straightforward, but we're here to support our neighbors every step of the way.



Individual and family-centered coaching

Equipping and supporting community members as they exit poverty.

Whether through structured coaching sessions or informal mentoring, our goal is to assist individuals in this process through programs such as:

- Family Centered Coaching
- Future Story Initiative
- Financial Coaching
- Essential Skills Training

Once a community member has a stable foundation on which to build, we're here to support them as they begin their journey out of poverty. We walk alongside them every step

of the way with personalized coaching for both individuals and families. We believe individuals are best suited to define what thriving means for them and how to achieve it.





Building a network of community support

Working together to create diverse, equitable, inclusive, and healthy communities with a shared vision and engaged community members.

The journey out of poverty is never made alone, nor is the end goal solely the wellbeing of the individual. Successfully exiting poverty is the cumulative effort of a supportive community made for the benefit and wellbeing of the community as a whole. We come together to support individuals and families exiting poverty because their wellbeing is critical to the wellbeing of us all.

Whether we are on the journey out of poverty or supporting people on the journey, when we come together to create Pathways Out of Poverty, we begin to understand our own stake in developing diverse, equitable, inclusive, and healthy communities that support individual growth and transformation. With this shared vision we can co-create communities that foster improved services and resources, equitable systems, and engaged community members.



Community Action Partnership aspires to be the catalyst for this shared vision by being a gateway to community resources and creating partnerships to address our core challenges in ways relevant to each community.

Collaborating for Change

This project was a true team effort, and we want to say thank you to everyone who was involved. We're grateful for our staff across 11 counties who worked tirelessly to connect with local communities, distribute and collect surveys, host focus groups, and collaborate on our findings. We also appreciate the behind-the-scenes support from the Community Action team who helped pull everything together.



CAP Team:

Shelly Bentley – Idaho County

Liz Bigsby-Sanborn – Boundary County

Gail Lombardi – Nez Perce/Asotin Counties

Kalynn Raugh – Kootenai County

Kim Spencer – Kootenai County

Natasha Carcas – Nez Perce County

Mary Herrick – Kootenai County

Jamie Kearney – Nez Perce/Asotin Counties

Mary Greve – Benewah County

Todd Holcomb – Nez Perce/Asotin Counties

Catherine Yancey – Shoshone County



Special thanks goes to Kim Spencer, Jamie Kearney, Kalynn Raugh, and Todd Holcomb for their leadership and innovation, to our Executive Director, Lisa Stoddard, for her vision and oversight and finally, to our Board of Directors for their invaluable guidance and support. Thank you all for making this project a success.



Board of Directors:

- Michael Barnes
- Travis Charlton
- Victoria Sidener
- Corey Smith
- Barbara MeadBlackeagle
- Catherine Katelnikoff
- Casey Holcomb
- Don Strong
- Debbie Lemon



FOR YOUR PARTICIPATION AND SUPPORT!

We could not have completed our **2024 Community Needs Assessment** without you, and we will not be able to bring our vision to life without you, either.

Thank you for your participation, your support, and your heart for helping people and changing lives.



Appendix

- 1. Works Cited
- 2. List of Participating Organizations
- 3. Example Surveys (online)
- 4. Survey Results by County (online)
 - Asotin
 - Benewah
 - Bonner
 - Boundary
 - Clearwater
 - Kootenai
 - Latah
 - Lewis
 - Nez Perce
 - Shoshone



Works Cited

- 1. Community Action Partnership's National Data Hub
- 2. Map the Meal Gap Idaho
- 3. MIT Living Wage Calculator
- 4. Mental Health America: The State of Mental Health in America Report
- 5. The Village Network: ACE's Adverse Childhood Experiences
- 6. United for ALICE Idaho Research
- 7. Idaho Association for the Education of Young Children
- 8. National Conference for State Legislatures







Focus Group Participating Organizations

Kiwanis

Heritage Health

Gazette Record

St Maries School District #41

St Maries Assembly of God

Benewah County

Farm Bureau Insurance

Just Serve

Riverfront Suites

Elks Church

Tami Holdahl, State House Rep. candidate

Moscow School District #281

CHAS Health Clinic

Family Promise of the Palouse

Disability Action Center

St Vincent de Paul

SPOT Bus Selkirks Pend Oreille Transit

Community Thrift Center

BFTA

Bonners Ferry Apartments

Panhandle Health District

Grangeville Chamber of Commerce

City of Coeur d'Alene

IDHW

Safe Passage

Real Life Ministries

ICare

3rd Avenue Marketplace

NIC Head Start

North Idaho College

IDOL

CDAide

Children's Village

Kootenai County Police

Kootenai County Sheriff's Office

Meadows Valley School District

Silver Valley CARES

Idaho Food Bank

YWCA

City of Osburn

Union Gospel Mission

Silver Valley Fuller Center

St Mark's Church

Community Resource Envision Center

Kaniksu Community Health

IdaHope Families

Helping Hands & Healing Hearts

Bonner Partners in Care Clinic

Bonner County Veteran Services

NAMI Far North

Bonner Gospel Mission

Sandpoint Area Seniors, INC.

Bonner Community Housing Agency

Hope House

Grow! Community Garden

BCVS

Boundary County Senior Center

Boundary County Ministerial

Boundary Food Bank

Boundary County School District #101

St Mary's Health

Grangeville UMC

Focus Group Participating Organizations

Upriver Youth Leadership Council Recovery

Clearwater County Chamber

Clearwater Economic Development Associates

Equus

Region II Central Health District

Kootenai Health

Lutheran Church

Worksource/Rural Resources

Walla Walla Community College

Asotin Housing Authority

AAA

DSHW Washington

VA Clinic - Nez Perce County

Adult Resource Center

Salvation Army

Asotin County Community Services